

2025 年度

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総合型選抜（基礎学力型）試験問題

英 語

注 意

1. 問題用紙は試験開始の合図があるまで開けないでください。
2. 試験開始直後に次のことを確かめ、解答用紙を冊子からはずして使用してください。
 - a. 問題用紙は表紙を除いて、6枚です。ページの順番も確認してください。
 - b. 解答用紙は1枚です。
3. 受験番号は、解答用紙に記入してください。氏名は書いてはいけません。
4. 答えは解答用紙に記入してください。
5. 問題用紙は、試験終了後、各自持ち帰ってください。

(1)

(解答はすべて解答用紙に記入すること)

問題 I 次の [A]～[E] の英文を読み、() の中に入る最も適切な語句を選択して、番号で答えなさい。

[A] I have a high fever. I'm () sick to sing tonight at the school festival.

- | | |
|-----------|-----------|
| 1. felt | 2. too |
| 3. gotten | 4. become |

[B] Mr. Cruise bought a guitar ().

- | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. 12 strings | 2. is 12 strings |
| 3. that has 12 strings | 4. which is 12 strings |

[C] Miss Lee is () leader that I hope she is chosen as our captain.

- | | |
|--------------|----------------|
| 1. so good | 2. so a good |
| 3. such good | 4. such a good |

[D] The store manager () the front door every day.

- | | |
|--------------|-----------------|
| 1. unlock | 2. unlocks |
| 3. is unlock | 4. is unlocking |

[E] That printer doesn't work. This one ().

- | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|
| 1. doesn't, too | 2. doesn't, either |
| 3. doesn't, neither | 4. doesn't, so |

問題 II 次の [A]～[F] の英文を読み、() の中に入る最も適切な語句を 1～6 の中から選択して、番号で答えなさい。1～6 は、それぞれ一回だけ使います。

- | | | | | | |
|---------|----------|----------------|----------------|-----------|---------------|
| 1. play | 2. plays | 3. have played | 4. are playing | 5. played | 6. had played |
|---------|----------|----------------|----------------|-----------|---------------|

[A] We () three games already, so we are tired.

[B] We () baseball yesterday.

[C] We () cards now.

[D] We () the sport before, so we knew the rules.

[E] She () jazz music well.

[F] We () in the orchestra every week.

(2)

(解答はすべて解答用紙に記入すること)

問題 III 次の [A]～[E] の 1～4 の英文の () には、同一の語が入ります。その語を答えなさい。ただし、その語が名詞または動詞の場合はそれぞれの英文に合わせた形になって入ります。名詞の場合は単数形を、動詞の場合は原形を書きなさい。

- (例) 1. (Given) her fluency in English, I think she would make a good interpreter.
2. That story (gave) me a shudder.
3. We should (give) careful attention to students' complaints.
4. Hillary Clinton declared, "I'm not going to (give) up; I'll never (give) in."

Answer: (give)

- [A] 1. Friends of mine () care of my sick brother last night.
2. The airplane () off from the runway at the scheduled time.
3. I wish I could () my mother out to the baseball game.
4. Every one of the girls () her laptop to the English class every day.
- [B] 1. The tour guide () us around New York City and took us to the Metropolitan Museum of Art.
2. He tried to get home in time to watch the popular TV ().
3. Kennedy invited Stalin for six o'clock, but Stalin didn't () up. Kennedy got tired of waiting for him.
4. This data () my poor performance as a head coach of the football team.
- [C] 1. Scientists () an important role in improving energy efficiency.
2. Those girls will be tired because they will have been () tennis for five hours.
3. A team of young actors put on a new () at a local theater.
4. As she drew near to the music hall, a brass band started to () a popular jazz tune.
- [D] 1. That () of her story is true.
2. I want to be () of the group.
3. For the most (), his ideas were boring and unoriginal.
4. Mr. Tom has a () in the drama. He plays an old man.
- [E] 1. Tears rolled () her face.
2. He bought a goose () jacket.
3. He walked nervously () the hall.
4. Her fever never goes () for very long. Then it goes up again.

問題 IV グラフを見ながら次の英文を読み、内容にあっている説明を選び、番号で答えなさい。

The following table shows the gross revenues of popular films in Japan.

Table 1 Lifetime Grosses of Popular Films in Japan

Rank	Title	Year Released	Gross Revenue (billions of yen)
1	<i>Demon Slayer: Kimetsu no Yaiba – The Movie: Mugen Train</i>	2020	40.43
2	<i>Spirited Away (Sen to Chihiro no Kamikakushi)</i>	2001	31.68
3	<i>Titanic</i>	1997	26.2
4	<i>Frozen (Ana to Yuki no Joou)</i>	2014	25.5
5	<i>Your Name (Kimi no Na wa)</i>	2016	25.17
6	<i>Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone</i>	2001	20.3
7	<i>Princess Mononoke</i>	1997	20.18
8	<i>One Piece Film: Red</i>	2022	19.7
9	<i>Howl's Moving Castle</i>	2004	19.6
10	<i>Bayside Shakedown 2 (Odoru Daisousasen 2)</i>	2003	17.35

出典 : <https://www.kogyotsushin.com/archives/alltime/>

*これらの興行収入の値は2023年現在のものです。

1. The gross revenue of *Spirited Away* is larger than twice as much as that of *Howl's Moving Castle*.
2. *Demon Slayer* sold more than *Princess Mononoke* and *Howl's Moving Castle* together.
3. Three movies made in the 20th century are listed on the table.
4. *Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone* is the second most popular movie on this list in terms of sales.

問題 VI 次の英文を読んで, [A]~[F]の各 1 ~ 4 の中から, 最も適切な答えを一つ選び, 番号で答えなさい.

The Story of 7-ELEVEN

In 1927, several ice companies in the city of Dallas, Texas, joined together to create the Southland Ice Company, which sold ice to local families. One employee, John Green, thought it would be a good idea to sell eggs, milk, and bread since those were very popular in most U.S. homes. As an experiment, he obtained permission to sell food from one branch, and since it was successful, the company began selling food from all its branches.

In 1928, the Southland Ice Company changed the name of their shops to Tote'm Stores. The word "tote" means to carry, and this name was chosen because customers could quickly get basic food items and tote them home. The company also began building some stores with gasoline stations, meaning those stores could sell ice, food, and gasoline in one place. Tote'm Stores quickly grew in popularity, but when the Great Depression hit the United States in the 1930s, Tote'm Stores nearly went bankrupt due to severe economic struggle. The Southland Ice Company raised more money by publicly selling stocks in the company. They also began to train employees more carefully and to provide them with uniforms, which brought a boost to the company's image.

Early in the U.S, most supermarkets had limited business hours, opening at 9:00 am and closing at 5:00 pm to allow shop workers to be with their families in the evenings. But after World War 2 ended, in 1946, Tote'm Stores wanted to increase their business, so they announced longer shop hours. Customers were shocked to learn that Tote'm Stores would open at 7:00 am and close at 11:00 pm, giving families most of the day to shop for food and gasoline. To celebrate the new business hours, the store name was changed to 7-ELEVEN.

The name of the Southland Ice Company changed to the Southland Corporation in 1961, and its success continued to grow. As 7-ELEVEN stores spread in popularity, one shop owner decided to keep his store open all night to keep serving customers. This was successful, and it led some other 7-ELEVEN shops to extend to 24-hour service.

Most of the 7-ELEVEN shops were still located in Texas, but in 1963, the Southland Corporation bought 126 convenience stores in California. The stores were named Speedee Mart. Those shops were already opened 7:00 am to 11:00 pm, so it was easy to change them to 7-ELEVEN stores, and the company began to grow rapidly. 7-ELEVEN learned from Speedee Mart how to create franchises. A franchise meant that any person could sign a contract to start their own 7-ELEVEN store, as long as that person paid money to the company and followed the company's guidelines. With the new franchises, 7-ELEVEN stores began to spread around the world. The first 7-ELEVEN franchise store in Japan was opened in 1973. Soon a large number of Japanese 7-ELEVEN franchises were opened.

In the 1970s and 1980s, the company tried to enlarge its business by investing in oil and gasoline production as well as being involved in food manufacturing. However, these were bad decisions that caused 7-ELEVEN to face financial difficulties and near ruin. In 1990, the Southland Corporation was completely sold to two Japanese companies. Ito-Yokado Co., Ltd, bought 51%, and Seven-Eleven Japan Co., Ltd, bought 49% of the company's stock. Both Ito-Yokado and Seven-Eleven Japan are part of a larger business group called "SEVEN & i Holdings Co. Ltd." Today, with 78,029 stores, 7-ELEVEN remains the largest convenience store company in Japan and in the world.

- [A] Which is true about the products sold by the Southland Ice Company?
1. They sold only ice during the history of the store.
 2. They first sold ice but soon added bread, eggs, and milk.
 3. They originally sold four items: ice, bread, eggs, and milk.
 4. From the beginning, they sold numerous items, including ice, bread, eggs, milk, and gasoline.
- [B] In the 1930s, what did the Southland Corporation do to keep from going bankrupt?
1. They sold stocks to their employees.
 2. They changed the style of their uniforms.
 3. They boosted the company's image, which means they advertised a lot.
 4. They sold stocks, trained employees, and provided employees with uniforms.
- [C] After Tote'm Stores changed their name to 7-ELEVEN, how many more hours per day was 7-ELEVEN open than most supermarkets?
1. They were open 8 hours longer than most supermarkets.
 2. They were open 7 hours longer than most supermarkets.
 3. They were open 15 hours longer than most supermarkets.
 4. They were open 16 hours longer than most supermarkets.
- [D] In what ways did 7-ELEVEN improve their company when they bought the Speedee Marts?
1. They moved their stores to California.
 2. They added 126 stores and learned how to franchise.
 3. Because of the new stores, foreign visitors brought 7-ELEVEN to other countries, spreading it around the world.
 4. Actually, buying the Speedee Marts did not improve 7-ELEVEN in any way.
- [E] In the long history of 7-ELEVEN, when did the company face financial disaster?
1. When John Green tried to sell bread, eggs, and milk in some shops
 2. After the company tried to sell stocks
 3. Both in the Great Depression and after the bad decisions of the 70s and 80s
 4. When Japanese franchises tried to invest in oil and food production
- [F] In what kind of class would this article be most appropriate?
1. In a cross-cultural studies class
 2. In a political science class
 3. In a business class
 4. In a geography class